RESENE STRIP-OFF

Resene Paints (Australia) Limited

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: 22/05/2019 Print Date: 19/03/2020 L.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE STRIP-OFF
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	8274
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Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints (Australia) Limited
Address	64 Link Drive Queensland 4207 Australia
Telephone	+61 7 55126600
Fax	+61 7 55126697
Website	www.resene.com.au
Email	Not Available

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	AUSTRALIAN POISONS CENTRE	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	131126	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 2 9186 1132

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code. COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, regulated for storage purposes only

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable	
Classification [1]	Eye Irritation Category 2A, Reproductive Toxicity Category 1A, Flammable Liquid Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





SIGNAL WORD DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

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P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see advice on this label).
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam for extinction.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
138-86-3	0.1-1	dipentene
1119-40-0	10-30	dimethyl glutarate
872-50-4	40-80	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Nash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	► Avoid contamination with oxidising agents.

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Fire Fighting ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Combustible. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) Fire/Explosion Hazard aldehydes nitrogen oxides (NOx) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. **HAZCHEM** Not Applicable

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	► Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	▶ react with strong oxidisers

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not Available

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	25 ppm / 103 mg/m3	309 mg/m3 / 75 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

ingredient	waterial fiame		IEEL-I	IEEL-Z	IEEL-3
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Methyl 2-pyrrolidinone, 1-; (N-Methylpyrrolidone)		30 ppm	32 ppm	190 ppm
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised II	DLH		
dipentene	Not Available	Not Availa	ble		
dimethyl glutarate	Not Available	Not Availa	ble		

Not Available

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE BANDING

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
dipentene	E	≤ 0.1 ppm

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Notes:

Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.

MATERIAL DATA

Fragrance substance with is an established contact allergen in humans.

for N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP):

Reports of skin and eye irritation and chronic headaches have been reported in workers exposed to 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. NOTE: ▶ The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. For esters: ▶ Do NOT use natural rubber, butyl rubber, EPDM or polystyrene-containing materials. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'.

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the computergenerated selection:

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Material	СРІ
BUTYL	Α
PE/EVAL/PE	Α
NATURAL RUBBER	В
PVA	В

- * CPI Chemwatch Performance Index
- A: Best Selection
- B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion
- C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working area. An approved respirator with a replaceable vapour/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 1715 Standard, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 Standard, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Jelly-like clear liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.05
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	195-200	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	90-93	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available

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	1		1
Flammability	Combustible.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	98
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Partly miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	1028

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► Stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

Legend:

Inhaled	Inhalation of high vapour concentrations of N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP) may produce mucous membrane irritation, headache, giddiness, mental confusion and nausea.			
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Direct	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'.		
Skin Contact	The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Prolonged contact with N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP) reportedly causes severe dermatitis with redness, cracking, swelling, blisters and oedema. Toxic effects may result from skin absorption Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.			
Eye	Direct contact with the liquid N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP) may produce painful burning or stinging of the eyes and lids, watering and inflammation of the conjunctiva and temporary corneal clouding.			
Chronic	Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals. There is sufficient evidence to provide a strong presumption that human exposure to the material may result in developmental toxicity, generally on the basis of: - clear results in appropriate animal studies where effects have been observed in the absence of marked maternal toxicity, or at around the same dose levels as other toxic effects but which are not secondary non-specific consequences of the other toxic effects. The teratogenic potential, subchronic and long term inhalation toxicity of N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP has been studied in rats. No evidence of nephrotoxicity was seen. No carcinogenic effects were observed.			
	TOXICITY	IRRITATIO	ON	
RESENE STRIP-OFF	Not Available	Not Availa	ble	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mod		
dipentene	Oral (rat) LD50: 5300 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin (rabbit)): 500 mg/24h - mod	
dipentene dimethyl glutarate	Oral (rat) LD50: 5300 mg/kg ^[2] TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin (rabbit)	IRRITATION Eye (rabbit): Irritant Skin (human): Irritant	

dermal (rat) LD50: 2500-5000 $\mathrm{mg/kg^{[2]}}$

Oral (rat) LD50: 3914 mg/kg^[2]

Inhalation (rat) LC50: 8290.5297 mg/l/4H^[2]

Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - moderate

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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DIPENTENE	d-Limonene is readily absorbed by inhalation and ingestion.		
DIMETHYL GLUTARATE	The family of dibasic (methyl) esters (DBEs) comprise dimethyl succinate (DMS, CAS No. 106-65-0), dimethyl glutarate (DMG, CAS No. 1119-40-0), and dimethyl adipate (DMA, CAS No. 627-93-0), and their mixture DBE (CAS No. 95481-62-2).		
N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.		
RESENE STRIP-OFF & DIPENTENE	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. Adverse reactions to fragrances in perfumes and in fragranced cosmetic products include allergic contact dermatitis, irritant contact dermatitis, photosensitivity, immediate contact reactions (contact urticaria), and pigmented contact dermatitis. Fragrance allergens act as haptens, i.e. low molecular weight chemicals that are immunogenic only when attached to a carrier protein.		
RESENE STRIP-OFF & N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE	for N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP): Acute toxicity: In rats, NMP is absorbed rapidly after inhalation, oral, and dermal administration, distributed throughout the organism, and eliminated mainly by hydroxylation to polar compounds, which are excreted via urine.		
DIPENTENE & DIMETHYL GLUTARATE	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).		
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	✓
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 ✓ − Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

RESENE STRIP-OFF	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)		SPECIES VALUI			SOURCE
RESENE STRIP-OFF	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available N		Not Available Not	
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIE	ES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	Fish		0.0385mg/L	4
dipentene	EC50	48	Crustac	ea		0.0282mg/L	
	EC50	96	Algae o	r other aquatic plants		0.212mg/L	3
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIE	S		VALUE	SOURCE
dimethyl aluterate	LC50	96	Fish			93.991mg/L	3
dimethyl glutarate	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants		7.186mg/L	3	
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants		36mg/L	2	
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIE	S	1	VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish		4	464mg/L	1
N mathyd 2 nywralidana	EC50	48	Crustace	Crustacea ca.4897mg/		ca.4897mg/L	1
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	EC50	72	Algae or	other aquatic plants	:	>500mg/L	2
	EC0	24	Crustace	ea	:	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	504	Crustace	ea		12.5mg/L	2
Legend:		IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe EC quatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4.					

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
dipentene	HIGH	HIGH
dimethyl glutarate	LOW	LOW
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

-	
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
dipentene	HIGH (LogKOW = 4.8275)
dimethyl glutarate	LOW (LogKOW = 0.62)

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N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

LOW (BCF = 0.16)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
dipentene	LOW (KOC = 1324)
dimethyl glutarate	LOW (KOC = 10)
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	LOW (KOC = 20.94)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

- ► Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.
- Product / Packaging disposal
- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Consult manufacturer for recycling option.

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, regulated for storage purposes only
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

DIPENTENE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Appendix B (Part 3)

DIMETHYL GLUTARATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Exposure Standards

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Schedule 5

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Schedule 6

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (dipentene; dimethyl glutarate; N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes

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Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - ARIPS	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	22/05/2019
Initial Date	22/05/2019

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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