# **RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER**

## Resene Paints (Australia) Limited

Version No: 2.2

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **08/02/2023**Print Date: **08/02/2023**L.GHS.AUS.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

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Product name	RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER		
Synonyms	Not Available		
Proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Other means of identification	Not Available		

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	10061
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## Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints (Australia) Limited	Resene Paints (Australia) Limited
Address	7 Production Avenue, Molendinar Queensland 4214 Australia	7 Production Avenue, Molendinar Queensland 4214 Australia
Telephone	+61 7 55126600 +61 7 55126600	
Fax	+61 7 55126697 +61 7 55126697	
Website	ebsite www.resene.com.au www.resene.com.au	
Email	Email   Not Available   Not Available	

### Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	AUSTRALIAN POISONS CENTRE	AUSTRALIAN POISONS CENTRE	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	131126	131126	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

## **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable		
Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Flammable Liquids Category 3, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI		

### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word Warning

## Hazard statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	

## Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

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### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.		
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.		
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.		
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.		
P242	Use non-sparking tools.		
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.		
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.		
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.		
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.		

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish.		
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.		
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.		
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.		

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
P405	Store locked up.	

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.
F 30 1	i Dispose of contents/container to authorised nazardous of special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

# Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

## Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
108-88-3	0.1-1	toluene
80-62-6	0.1-1	methyl methacrylate
67-63-0	30-60	isopropanol
107-98-2	10-20	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	

### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

Description of	of firs	t aid me	easures
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Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:      Wash out immediately with fresh running water.      Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.      Seek medical attention without delay if pain persists or recurs.      Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available.  Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Wash skin and hair with running water.  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If aerosols, fumes or combustion products are inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> <li>If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.</li> </ul>

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### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

Alcohol stable foam.

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	► Avoid contamination with oxidising agents
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Liquid and vapour are flammable. Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO) carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Minor Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

## Precautions for safe handling

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Safe handling	<ul> <li>Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours.</li> <li>Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin</li> </ul>
Other information	▶ Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▶ Packing as supplied by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	▶ strong oxidisers

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	toluene	Toluene	50 ppm / 191 mg/m3	574 mg/m3 / 150 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	methyl methacrylate	Methyl methacrylate	50 ppm / 208 mg/m3	416 mg/m3 / 100 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

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Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	isopropanol	Isopropyl alcohol	400 ppm / 983 mg/m3	1230 mg/m3 / 500 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	100 ppm / 369 mg/m3	553 mg/m3 / 150 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

### Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
toluene	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
methyl methacrylate	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
isopropanol	400 ppm	2000* ppm	12000** ppm
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	100 ppm	160 ppm	660 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
toluene	500 ppm	Not Available
methyl methacrylate	1,000 ppm	Not Available
isopropanol	2,000 ppm	Not Available
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Not Available	Not Available

### MATERIAL DATA

IFRA Prohibited Fragrance Substance

The International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Standards form the basis for the globally accepted and recognized risk management system for the safe use of fragrance ingredients and are part of the IFRA Code of Practice.

These exposure guidelines have been derived from a screening level of risk assessment and should not be construed as unequivocally safe limits.

 $\label{thm:constraint} \text{Exposed individuals are \textbf{NOT}} \ \text{reasonably expected to be warned, by smell, that the Exposure Standard is being exceeded.}$ 

for propylene glycol monomethyl ether (PGME)

Odour Threshold: 10 ppm.

For toluene:

Odour Threshold Value: 0.16-6.7 (detection), 1.9-69 (recognition)

NOTE: Detector tubes measuring in excess of 5 ppm, are available.

Odour Threshold Value (methyl methacrylate): 0.049 ppm (detection), 0.34 ppm (recognition)

NOTE: Detector tubes measuring in excess of 50 ppm, are available.

Odour Threshold Value: 3.3 ppm (detection), 7.6 ppm (recognition)

Exposure at or below the recommended isopropanol TLV-TWA and STEL is thought to minimise the potential for inducing narcotic effects or significant irritation of the eyes or upper respiratory tract.

NOTE D: Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form.

### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals.</li> <li>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.</li> </ul>
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special measures required.

### Respiratory protection

## **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	White dispersion with characteristic odour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.92-0.94
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available

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	I		I
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	200-240
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	88-92	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	24-28	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Flammable.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	86
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	617

# **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

Information of	on	toxicological	effects
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Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Ingestion	Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result.
Skin Contact	The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.
Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.
Chronic	Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals.  Exposure to the material may cause concerns for human fertility, generally on the basis that results in animal studies provide sufficient evidence to cause a strong suspicion of impaired fertility in the absence of toxic effects, or evidence of impaired fertility occurring at around the same dose levels as other toxic effects, but which are not a secondary non-specific consequence of other toxic effects.

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	SEALER

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Not Available	Not Available

## toluene

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 12124 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 2mg/24h - SEVERE
Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >13350 ppm4h <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit):0.87 mg - mild
Oral (Rat) LD50: 636 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit):100 mg/30sec - mild
	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
	Skin (rabbit):20 mg/24h-moderate
	Skin (rabbit):500 mg - moderate

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		Skin: adverse effect obse	erved (irritating)[1]	
		Skin: no adverse effect of		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
methyl methodridete	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >5000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit):	150 mg	
methyl methacrylate	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: 29.8 mg/l4h <sup>[1]</sup>	Skin (rabbit):	10000 mg/kg (open)	
	Oral (Rat) LD50: 7872 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>			
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 12800 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 1	0 mg - moderate	
isopropanol	Inhalation(Mouse) LC50; 53 mg/L4h <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 1	bbit): 100 mg - SEVERE	
	Oral (Mouse) LD50; 3600 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 1	00mg/24hr-moderate	
		Skin (rabbit): 5	500 mg - mild	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye (rabbit) 23	0 mg mild	
propylene glycol monomethyl	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >6 mg/l4h <sup>[2]</sup>	, , ,	0 mg/24 h mild	
ether - alpha isomer	Oral (Rat) LD50: 3739 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>		00 mg SEVERE	
	Statification of the migrage ?		00 mg open - mild	
		OKIII (I'abbit) 30	or mg open - mild	
Legend:	Nalue obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Subspecified data extracted from RTECS - Register of To		ined from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise	
TOLUENE	For toluene: Acute Toxicity Humans exposed to intermediate to high levels of tolu	uene for short periods of time experien	"	
	from headaches to intoxication, convulsions, narcosis	, and death.	ice adverse central nervous system effects ranging	
METHYL METHACRYLATE	Inhalation (human) TCLo: 60 mg/m3(15 ppm) [* Manu-For methyl methacrylate: Acute toxicity: MMA is rapidly absorbed after oral or in Where no 'official' classification for acrylates and methor of contrary evidence. Based on the available oncogenicity data and without Review Division (HERD), Office of Toxic Substances (methacrylate moiety (CH2=CHCOO or CH2=C(CH3)(adequate testing.	and death.  If.  Inhalatory administration.  Inacrylates exists, there has been caut  a better understanding of the carcino (OTS), of the US EPA previously concoon (OTS) should be considered to be a care	ious attempts to create classifications in the absenc genic mechanism the Health and Environmental luded that all chemicals that contain the acrylate or trcinogenic hazard unless shown otherwise by	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER - ALPHA ISOMER	Inhalation (human) TCLo: 60 mg/m3(15 ppm) [* Manu For methyl methacrylate: Acute toxicity: MMA is rapidly absorbed after oral or in Where no 'official' classification for acrylates and meth of contrary evidence. Based on the available oncogenicity data and without Review Division (HERD), Office of Toxic Substances ( methacrylate moiety (CH2=CHCOO or CH2=C(CH3)(	and death.  If.  Inhalatory administration.  Inacrylates exists, there has been caut  a better understanding of the carcino (OTS), of the US EPA previously concooo) should be considered to be a call methacrylates are no longer de factor	ious attempts to create classifications in the absence genic mechanism the Health and Environmental studed that all chemicals that contain the acrylate or arcinogenic hazard unless shown otherwise by a carcinogens.	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER -	Inhalation (human) TCLo: 60 mg/m3(15 ppm) [* Manu-For methyl methacrylate: Acute toxicity: MMA is rapidly absorbed after oral or ir Where no 'official' classification for acrylates and methor of contrary evidence. Based on the available oncogenicity data and without Review Division (HERD), Office of Toxic Substances (methacrylate moiety (CH2=CHCOO or CH2=C(CH3)(adequate testing. This position has now been revised and acrylates and NOTE: For PGE - mixed isomers: Exposure of pregnations in the property of pregnations of the property of th	, and death.  if.  inhalatory administration.  nacrylates exists, there has been caut  a better understanding of the carcino (OTS), of the US EPA previously conc COO) should be considered to be a ca  d methacrylates are no longer de facto ant rats and rabbits to the substance d	ious attempts to create classifications in the absence genic mechanism the Health and Environmental studed that all chemicals that contain the acrylate or urcinogenic hazard unless shown otherwise by a carcinogens.	
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PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER - ALPHA ISOMER RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER & METHYL METHACRYLATE & ISOPROPANOL RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER & METHYL	Inhalation (human) TCLo: 60 mg/m3(15 ppm) [* Manu-For methyl methacrylate: Acute toxicity: MMA is rapidly absorbed after oral or ir Where no 'official' classification for acrylates and methof contrary evidence. Based on the available oncogenicity data and without Review Division (HERD), Office of Toxic Substances in methacrylate moiety (CH2=CHCOO or CH2=C(CH3)(adequate testing). This position has now been revised and acrylates and NOTE: For PGE - mixed isomers: Exposure of pregnatup to 3000 ppm.  Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or exposed in the symptoms and continue for months or exposed in the sy	and death.  If.  Inhalatory administration. Inacrylates exists, there has been caut a better understanding of the carcino (OTS), of the US EPA previously concoon should be considered to be a call methacrylates are no longer de factor ant rats and rabbits to the substance of the	ious attempts to create classifications in the absence genic mechanism the Health and Environmental studed that all chemicals that contain the acrylate or arcinogenic hazard unless shown otherwise by a carcinogens.  It all not give rise to teratogenic effects at concentration all ends.	
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## RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER

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# **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

### Toxicity

ESENE VINYL WALLPAPER	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)		Species		Value		Source	
SEALER	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available	Not Availabl	e	Not Avail	able	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Speci	es		Value		Source	
	LC50	96h	Fish			5-35mg/l		4	
toluene	EC50	72h	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		12.5mg/l		4	
	EC50	48h	Crusta	acea		3.78mg/L		5	
	NOEC(ECx)	168h	Crusta	acea		0.74mg/L		5	
	EC50	96h	Algae	or other aquatic plant	ts	>376.71mg/	/L	4	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Spec			Value		Source	
	EC0(ECx)	48h	Crust			48mg/l	•	1	
methyl methacrylate	EC50 EC50	96h 72h		Algae or other aquatic plants		170mg/ >110mg		2	
	LC50	96h	Fish	or other aquatic plan	115	>79mg/		2	
	EC50	48h	Crust	2000		69mg/l	ı	1	
	2000	4011	Orust	acca		oonig/i		'	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Spec	ies		Value		Source	
	EC50(ECx)	24h	Algae	or other aquatic plan	nts	0.011mg/	/L	4	
	LC50	96h	Fish			>1400mg	g/l	4	
isopropanol	EC50	72h	Algae	or other aquatic plan	nts	>1000mg	g/l	1	
	EC50	96h	Algae	or other aquatic plan	nts	>1000mg	g/l	1	
	EC50	48h	Crust	acea		7550mg/	I	4	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species			alue	Sourc		
	LC50	96h	Fish			2000mg/l		vailable	
opylene glycol monomethyl	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants			>500mg/l 2			
ether - alpha isomer	EC50	48h	Crustacea			23300mg/l 1			
	EC50(ECx)	168h	Algae or other aquatic plants			>1000mg/l 1			
	EC50	96h	Algae or	other aquatic plants	>	1000mg/l	2		
Legend:		IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Eu		ered Substances - Ec azard Assessment Da					

## DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

### Persistence and degradability

•		
Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
toluene	LOW (Half-life = 28 days)	LOW (Half-life = 4.33 days)
methyl methacrylate	LOW	LOW
isopropanol	LOW (Half-life = 14 days)	LOW (Half-life = 3 days)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	LOW (Half-life = 56 days)	LOW (Half-life = 1.7 days)

## Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
toluene	LOW (BCF = 90)
methyl methacrylate	LOW (BCF = 6.6)
isopropanol	LOW (LogKOW = 0.05)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	LOW (BCF = 2)

## Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
toluene	LOW (KOC = 268)
methyl methacrylate	LOW (KOC = 10.14)

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### **RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER**

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Ingredient	Mobility	
isopropanol	HIGH (KOC = 1.06)	
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	HIGH (KOC = 1)	

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.
- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible.

Consult manufacturer for recycling option.

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

### **Labels Required**



Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	•3Y

### Land transport (ADG)

UN number	1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163 223 367 Limited quantity 5 L		

## Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1263			
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)			
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	3 Not Applicable 3L		
Packing group	III.			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
Special precautions for user	Special provisions  Cargo Only Packing Instructions  Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack  Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions  Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack  Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions  Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		A3 A72 A192 366 220 L 355 60 L Y344 10 L	

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable		

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#### **RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER**

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Packing group	III		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
	EMS Number	F-E, S-E	
Special precautions for user	Special provisions	163 223 367 955	
	Limited Quantities	5 L	

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

### Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
toluene	Not Available
methyl methacrylate	Not Available
isopropanol	Not Available
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Not Available

### Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
toluene	Not Available
methyl methacrylate	Not Available
isopropanol	Not Available
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Not Available

### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### toluene is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule  $\bf 6$ 

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

### methyl methacrylate is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

### isopropanol is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

## propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

### **National Inventory Status**

······································		
National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	08/02/2023
Initial Date	14/01/2020

### **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
1.2	07/02/2023	Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (skin), Acute Health (swallowed), Chronic Health, Classification, Exposure Standard, First Aid (skin), Personal Protection (Respirator), Supplier Information

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

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### **RESENE VINYL WALLPAPER SEALER**

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The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

 ${\sf PC-TWA: Permissible \ Concentration-Time \ Weighted \ Average}$ 

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard
OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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